Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.] TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1805. [No. 1357.

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

RUM

In hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kerſemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerſeys, Negro Cottons,
Bergs, Elaſticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Ruſſels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Sileſia do.
Omaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marſteller.

Dec. 29.

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10 pipes well flavor'd Holland gin,
60 caſks Dutch Linſeed Oil,
2 bales German Ticklenburgh
1 caſe Britannias,
1 do. Platillas Royal,
Juſt Imported from Rotterdam,
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate uſe,
Three hhds. old Grenada Rum,
Three caſks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spaniſh Brandy.

☞ *Caſh given for Otter and Mink Skins.*

April 25. d

JAMES SANDERSON
has received, in addition to his late general ſupplies, which he will ſell, by the quantity, very low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy.
4 puncheons ſecond proof Antigua Rum.
10 barrels New England ditto.
5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wine.
12 half pipes do. do. do.
25 caſes claret, 2 and half dozen in each.
9 boxes beſt London Muſtard, 15 dozen each.
6 do. do. Double Glouceſter Cheeſe.
20 hogſheads Black Quart Bottles.

ALSO,
28 hogſheads Virginia TOBACCO now in ſtore.

May 31. d

BUILDING LOTS.

HALF an acre of ground, on the corner of Waſhington and Duke ſtreets, will be laid off in lots, to ſuit applicants, and will be had at a moderate annual reſt forever.

HEWES & MILLER.

June 19. d

This day is Publiſhed,
And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S *Book-ſtore, and* THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)
AN ABSTRACT
OF AN
APOLOGY,
For Renouncing the Juriſdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.
BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH.
By Robert Marſhall, John Dunlavy, Richard M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompſon.

May 31.

☞ A few Copies of the *American Gardener*, for ſale by Robert Gray, in King ſtreet.

BEEF AND PORK.

We have juſt received, prime and meſs Beef, in barrels and half barrels; prime Pork, in barrels and half barrels—all of excellent quality.

Hewes & Miller.

June 24. d

Mill Stones & Boulting-Cloths.

We want to buy one pair of 4 or 4 and an half feet Cologne Mill Stones.—We have one pair of 6 feet Burr Mill Stones for ſale: Alſo, five hundred dollars worth of Boulting-Cloths; which will be ſold a bargain, to any body who will take the whole of them.

Hewes & Miller.

June 20. d

Mandeville & Jameſſon
Are now landing, and offer for Sale,
10 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum.
10 hogſheads Barbadoes Molaſſes.
8 hogſheads St. Croix Sugars.
Engliſh F and FF Gunpowder.
Philadelphia Loaf Sugars.
Patent Shot and Bar-Lead.

May 29. d

The ſubſcribers have juſt received, by the Packet, from Norfolk,
30 barrels prime Beef,
20 do. Pork.

Lawraſon & Fowle.

June 24.

For Sale, on liberal Credit,
90 hogſheads
South Potomac Tobacco,
Now in ſtore——*Alſo,*
4 do. Rappahannock;
Suitable for the Weſt-India market.

James Sanderſon.

June 20. d

FOR SALE.

20 puncheons Jamaica RUM,
LAST YEAR'S CROP,
Juſt received and for Sale on reaſonable terms.

John & Thos. Vowell.

May 9.

TUNIS CRAVEN,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
An elegant aſſortment of goods, ſelected from the lateſt importations, in Philadelphia and Baltimore.
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloths and caſſimeres,
Cotton caſſimeres,
White and coloured jeans, nankeens and fuſtians,
Long and ſhort nankeens,
Blue do.
White and coloured marſeilles,
Waiſtcoating,
4-4 7-8, Iriſh linens, long lawns,
4-4 7-8, Shirting cotton,
Iriſh and Flanders ſheeting,
Platillas,
Britannias,
Sileſias,
Silk, cotton and thread hoſiery,
Diaper table cloths,
Napkins,
Chintz callicoes and coloured cambricks,
Dimities,
6-4 9-8, Cambrick muſlins,
India, book, jaconet and mull mull, muſlins,
Colonade and croſsbarred ſtriped cambrick ditto,
Lace,
6-4, Lace ſhawls,
Long ditto,
Super brocaded do.
Engliſh and French ſilk gloves,
Kid ditto,
Pic nic mitts,
Engliſh ſplit ſtraw bonnets,
Madraſs and bandanna handkerchiefs,
Baftas,
Mammodies,
Gurrahs, &c. &c.

All of which he has determined to ſell at the moſt reduced prices.

May 26.

NOTICE.

All perſons that have claims againſt the eſtate of *Thomas M'Cowat*, ſometime ſince of Leeſburg, deceaſed, are requeſted to forward them, properly authenticated, to the ſubſcriber, in Leeſburg; as he wiſhes to aſcertain the amount of the ſame, in order that he may make arrangements for their payment.

THOMAS M'COWAT, *Heir at Law.*

July 23. 1aw3t*

☞ Adventurers in Lottery No. 3. for the *Encouragement of Literature*, may know the ſate of their Tickets, on application to the Printer, and paying 12 and half cents for each ticket. July 15.

JUST RECEIVED,
Per the ſloop Unity,
One Trunk of SILK SUSPENDERS, and a Box *very fine* LACES.
And in Store,
About 80 Tierces of ſtrong Stone Lime, a few Quarter-Caſks of excellent Sherry Wine, and a few Pipes of Holland Gin; 40 barrels of Beef, Boſton inſpection; and 33 Kegs of Philadelphia Butter.

A. W. Preuſs & Co.

July 27. d3t

Mackarel & Whiſkey.

110 barrels of MACKAREL juſt received, per ſchooner Hiram, from Rhode-Iſland:
ALSO,
35 barrels ſtrong proof RYE WHISKEY—and
30 kegs manufactured James-River TOBACCO, warranted good. Theſe articles will be ſold low. Apply to

John & Thomas Vowell.

July 16. d

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE, BY
JOHN G. LADD,
A few barrels black Varniſh,
do. Pitch,
100 barrels Boſton Beef,
50 kegs Raiſins
Soap and Candles, in boxes,
100 lbs. Nutmeg and Cloves,
New Rum, in hogſheads and barrels,
Three bales Ruſſia brown Sheetings,
A parcel of Blocks, Maſt-Hoops, Pumps, &c.

July 15. d

LOST,

On Wedneſday, the 10th inſtant, between the Branch Bank of Waſhington and Alexandria,

A BILL, drawn by Mr. *John Proudfit*, of Norfolk, on Mr. *Beller Cooke*, of Waſhington, for 500 dollars, dated Norfolk, 25th day of June, at 60 days, in my favor; accepted 29th, an endorſed by me.

Any perſon having found this Bill, will be pleaſed to depoſit it at the Branch Bank, in Waſhington, or deliver it to the ſubſcriber.

The payment being ſtopt, it can be of no uſe to the finder.

William Hodgſon.

Alexandria, July 13.

POTOMAC COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Potomac Company, will be held according to law at the Union Tavern in George Town, on Monday the 5th day of Auguſt next, on which occaſion a full meeting of the proprietors is requeſted, when the proceedings of the Board of Directors, together with the diſburſements of the Treaſurer ſince the laſt general meeting, will then be laid before them for their conſideration.

By order of the Board,

Joſeph Carleton,
Treaſurer Potomac Company.

George-Town, July 9. (10) d5A

TO RENT,

A convenient two-ſtory Brick-houſe on Wilkes ſtreet, oppoſite Capt. *George Slacum's*—For terms apply to,

John C. Vowell.

July 6. d

LAWRASON & FOWLE
Have juſt received, by the brig Harmony, Robert B. Hall, maſter, from Boſton.
3 bales beſt Beerboon Gurrahs
3 do. Sewing Twine
2 cheſts Young Hyſon } FRESH TEAS.
5 do. Imperial
20 boxes beſt Spaniſh Segars
2 pipes firſt quality Cognac Brandy
40 barrels N. E. Rum
5 hhds. retailing Molaſſes
7 barrels Sperm. Oil
a few boxes Sperm. Candles
40 boxes brown Soap
And a quantity of Plaſter Paris.

July 6. d

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
About 30,000
White Oak Hogſhead & Barrel Staves,
Of good quality: *Alſo,*
A few ſquared Logs of Walnut.

WM. HODGSON.

July 5. d

PUBLIC SALE.

To be SOLD, at Public Sale, for ready money, on MONDAY, the 12th of Auguſt, next,

The Houſe and Lot

Lately occupied by Mr. *Alexander Henderſon*, adjoining the town of Alexandria.

☞ The ſale will take place on the premiſes, at one o'clock, P. M.

July 22. dtf

SUGARS.

Seventy hhds. and Twenty-two bbls. } MUSCOVADO SUGAR.
Thirty one bags Cocoa, received by ſloop Sloop Diana, from Martinico—for ſale on reaſonable terms by

John & Thos. Vowell.

WHO HAVE ON HAND
Holland Gin of excellent flavor in Pipes,
Fourth proof Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Liverpool Fine Salt,
1000 buſhels Indian Corn,
1200 do. black-ey'd Peas, in good ſhipping order,

July 6. d

THE SUBSCRIBER,
AT HIS GROCERY STORE,
King near Waſhington Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
FROM PHILADELPHIA, &c. &c.
—A SUPPLY OF—
Freſh teas, particularly ſelected,
6000 lbs. green coffee,
14 hhds. St. Croix and St. Martins ſugar,
New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump ſugars.
Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,
Cognac brandy,
Holland gin,
Whiſkey and
New England rum,
Choice old Madeira,
Sherry,
Liſbon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga and
Port, } WINES.
Claret in caſes,
20 Boxes freſh muſcatel raiſins,
Very beſt chocolate,
Dixon's beſt muſtard,
Sallad oil, &c.

With a general aſſortment of groceries as uſual.

The whole of which are of a ſuperior quality, and will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms.

JAMES BACON.

May 14. d

WILLIAM OXLEY
HAS ON HAND,
Which he will diſpoſe of on terms advantageous to the purchaſers, for caſh or notes,
The following Articles, viz.
Supefirne and ſecond cloths
Kerſeymeres and ſwandowns
Bearſkins and fearnonghts
Durants and callimancoes
Bombazets and wildbores
Common and boil'd camblets
Silk, cotton, and worſted hoſiery
Engliſh extra long ſilk gloves
Silk twiſt and thread
Diaper and common tapes
Paper and pound pins
White and printed marſeilles
Laces, edgings and gimps
Elegant black and white lace veils
Patent do. do.
Satin peelong and ſilk handkerchiefs
4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambrick muſlins
India Jaconet do.
Fuſtians, buckram, &c. &c.

ALSO,
A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk ſilk and cotton ſlings.

January 7.

TO BE LET,

The HOUSE on Fairfax-ſtreet now occupied by Mr. James H. Hooe. Poſſeſſion will be given on the firſt of July. Apply to Mr. JOHN TUCKER, of Alexandria. The vacant LOTS on King, Columbus, and Waſhington ſtreets; the LOTS on the Mall, lately advertiſed for ſale; or any other Lots belonging to the ſubſcriber, for ſale by him, on reaſonable terms.

STEPHEN COOKE.

Leeſburg, May 22. 1aw3

From the Philadelphia Gazette.

The following recent inſtance of tyranny, exerciſed by the Britiſh government at Surinam, having been made the ſubject of converſation in ſeveral circles in this city, I think it a duty I owe to the public and myſelf, to publiſh the circumſtances as they have been ſworn to in my affidavit before the mayor of the city, on my arrival; and which were noted down at the time.

J. H. HORTON.

Paramaribo, June 9, 1805.

Proceedings of the governor, of the Britiſh colony of Paramaribo, in S. America.

Being loaded and Nearly ready for ſea, I repaired as uſual to the cuſtom-houſe, for my clearance, but I was informed on my arrival, that the Fiſcal, had refuſed to ſign my certificate, unleſs I would take on board a criminal negroes, who were under condemnation of baniſhment: This I informed them I could never think of doing, and went immediately to the American Conſul and informed him of the Fiſcal's reſolution; he adviſed me to go and lay the buſineſs before the governor. Accordingly I went and waited on his excellency, not doubting but that he would interfere in my favor: but alas! I ſoon found my miſtake. I met the governor and his ſecretary ſtanding at his door; I advanced and addreſſed the gov. as follows:

Sir, your moſt obedient; I have buſineſs of importance to acquaint you with. The governor aſked what is it? I anſwered—The Fiſcal ſir, refuſes to ſign my certificate unleſs I will take on board two criminal negroes that are ſentenced to be baniſhed from the colony: The governor replied very well take them. I aſked, muſt I take them? The governor, replied yes, you muſt take them. I anſwered I think it hard; the gov. replied I cant help that, you muſt take them they will anſwer you a very good purpoſe, they will be fit members for you Americans. I then aſked, but why ſir, if they are ſuch uſeful members of ſociety, do you not keep them in your own colony? The governor then anſwered, becauſe we dont like them, they dont anſwer our purpoſe, they dont ſuit us but they will do very well for you, they will anſwer you a very good purpoſe. I anſwered neither, do I like them, nor can I take them; the governor ſaid you muſt take them. I replied, how ſhall I anſwer this to my country when I return? I expoſe myſelf to a heavy fine beſides incur my country's diſpleaſure. The governor replied, O poh, things of this nature are eaſily anſwered in America; I replied, be that as it may general, I cannot take them; the governor then anſwered in a peremptory tone of voice, then remain there, looking towards the ſhipping at anchor; the governor then walked away. I then addreſſed the ſecretary, and aſked, is there then no alternative? the ſecretary replied, none at all you muſt take them. I went immediately to the conſul and requeſted him to make out my proteſt as ſoon as poſſible for I ſhould immediately abandon both veſſel and cargo; the conſul adviſed me to form no ſuch reſolution, he ſaid that he would do all that lay in his power to aſſiſt me, he wiſhed me to carry a letter to the governor, accordingly I went and gave the letter to the governor's ſecretary—I waited until the next day, but no anſwer came to the letter. I was then adviſed to go once more and ſee the governor, that perhaps he had altered his reſolution. —I thought the proſpect ſmall, but notwithſtanding I went at about nine o'clock in the morning, I met the ſecretary at the door, and addreſſed him with, your ſervant, ſir, I aſked, Is the governor within? the ſecretary replied [illegible] I aſked, can I ſee him? he ſaid No, it is not an hour to wait on the governor, I anſwered, I aſk pardon for intruding, but I thought it an hour to wait on any gentleman. The ſecretary ſaid, if you are on the affair concerning theſe criminals, my orders from the governor are, to inform you, that you muſt abide by the laws of the colony; that I know no ſuch man as the American conſul in the colony, and that you muſt take them. I then aſked, Will you give me a writing from under your hand, to certify that they were put on board by your order? he anſwered with a raiſed tone of voice, and a conſequential air of importance, I will give you nothing at all. All hopes were now at an end, I muſt ſubmit, and have them put on board without having any thing to ſhow my country on my return home, how I came by them. I then went to the Fiſcal and endeavored to diſſuade him from his reſolution, but ſeeing him determined, I requeſted of him a certificate to prove that they were put on board by his authority. At firſt he refuſed, but at length being ſoftened on being informed the ſituation my veſſel and ſhip's company were in, and being made ſenſible of the difficulty that I ſhould have on my arrival in America, he at length conſented to give me a certificate to ſhow that they were put on board by his authority, alſo that he had tendered me fifty gilders a piece for their paſſages, and that I had refuſed to take it. He then ſent two conſtables armed with ſtaves and cutlaſſes, and took them from priſon, and put them on board—nor could I then get my clearance, until I had given a receipt that they were on board, and that I would take them out of the colony.

He informed me alſo, that ſpecial orders would be ſent down to the officer of the Fort at Bram's Point, to ſee that thoſe criminals were on board when I paſt the fort, and to fire on any boat that ſhould leave the veſſel, or attempt to land after I paſt the Fort.

J. HAVENS HORTON,
Maſter of the ſch'r Julian,
of Newburyport.

Sworn, July 15, 1805, before me,
MATTHEW LAWLER,
MAYOR.

[*Tranſlation.*]

By the office of the Fiſcal, is given to captain J. Havens Horton, for exportation, out of this colony, in his ſchooner Julian, the free negro, called Andreaſe, alias Ruamina Toctoe, and the free Negro woman Aſſibo van Labo; for whoſe exportation he was offered the ſum of fifty guilders each, which he has refuſed; ſaying, that he would accept nothing for it.

P. H. SPIEING,
Senator and Fiſcal.

I. Charles Erdmann, ſworn interpreter of foreign languages, in and for the commonwealth of Pennſylvania, by lawful authority duly appointed, do certify, that the above is a true and lawful tranſlation of a certain original paper written in the Low Dutch language, annexed hereto.

In witneſs whereof, I have hereunto ſet my hand and ſeal of office, at Philadelphia, the 19th day of July, A. D. 1805.

(Signed)
CHARLES ERDMANN.

PUBLIC SALE.

AGREEABLE to an order of the Worſhipful Court of Fairfax county, made at March term, 1805, we the ſubſcribers will offer for ſale, on the 3d day of Auguſt next, at the houſe of *William Jacobs*, in ſaid county, four likely Virginia born ſlaves for caſh; belonging to the eſtate of John Hampton jun. deceaſed; for the purpoſe of making a diviſion amongſt the heirs of the deceaſed.

THOMAS POLLARD, jun.
RICHARD SIMPSON,
WILLIAM SIMPSON, } Com'rs.

June 15. 2awtj

NEW YORK, July 27.

By the ſchr. Diana, from Curracoa, we learn that a Britiſh ſquadron, under command of captain Murray, in Franchiſe frigate, one other frigate, a brigs and four ſchooners, were blockading Curracoa; and four days previous to the Diana's ſailing, they made a deſcent upon Carraccas Bay, to the windward of the iſland, landed 180 men, cannonaded the fort, and in the evening were repulſed and beat off, leaving behind three priſoners, an 18 pound cannonade, and 20 muſkets.—The troops re-embarked and went off to the leeward where they landed their ſick and wounded amounting to 70 men.

We are further informed, that the whole leeward part of the iſland, from the Weſt end, within 20 miles of the town, had ſurrendered to the Britiſh, which they had burnt and deſtroyed. Mr. Robert Caen, had been arreſted by the Dutch government, upon ſuſpicion of his correſponding with the Britiſh—we further learn that it was the determination of the Governor of Curracoa, not to ſurrender the town to the Britiſh, but rather to bury himſelf in its ruins.

At the city of St. Domingo, general Ferrand was preparing to defend himſelf from an expected attack from Deſſalines, the Black emperor.

Commercially Intereſting.

The following Regulation of the Intendant General of the Iſland of Cuba, has been obligingly tranſlated and handed to us, by a gentleman, to whom the public has been frequently indebted for his uſeful communications. The original has been left in our poſſeſſion. In about two months time we ſhall probably ſee it announced from the Conſul General at Philadelphia.

"Signior Don Rafael Roubaud, Intendant General of this Iſland, has determined, in a decree of the 28th June laſt, that the regulations pointed out in the manifeſt or ordinance, of the 8th February anterior, for the general Adminiſtration of the revenues of the marine, for the commerce of neutrals, receive the following addition.

The Conſuls or Vice Conſuls of the neutral ports from whence expeditions are made (and in the caſe of their being no Conſuls reſident therein, the perſons authoriſed by the Miniſter Plenipotentiary of his Majeſty) ſhall certify to the accounts or invoices, with the expreſſion of the particular port of the iſland to which they are directed; with an individual relation of the number, weight, meaſure, quality & value of the kinds and effects comprehended in the cargo; under the intelligence or knowledge that whatſoever ſhall be diſcovered that was not included in the invoice, will be confiſcated without any indulgence."

Havana, July 3, 1805.

The Hibernia, Capt. Done, arrived at Boſton, ſpoke brig Telemachus on the 18th inſtant in a ſhort paſſage from Leghorn, and was informed that the American gun boats had all arrived ſafe at Gibraltar.

We learn by Mr. Harrod, ſupercargo of the ſhip Hannah, arrived at Newburyport from Trieſte and Gibraltar, that the United States ſchooner Enterprize captain Robertſon, has been entirely rebuilt at Venice, and would be ready to ſail for Syracuſe the 10th May.

The U. S. frigate Boſton captured a Tripolitan cruizer and retook two Neapolitan veſſels, her prizes, and carried into Malta.

The Hannah brought diſpatches for Government from our Mediterranean ſquadron.

Arrived, at quarantine, the ſ hooner Diana, Luyando, in 30 days from Curracoa, and 18 days from the city of St. Domingo. The ſch'r Periguin, Ingraham, of New-York, ſailed a few days before for St. Thomas; left no American; proviſions very ſcarce; flour 28 dollars and had been as high as 30 dollars. Paſſengers, Mr. Holthuyſen and ſon, and Moſes Teſurum. The Diana has three perſons ſick on board, and one died on Thurſday laſt, but *not* of yellow fever.

Jamaica papers to the 30th ult. were received yeſterday, and furniſh a few articles of intelligence. All apprehenſion of danger from the enemy had ſubſided, as on the 23d martial law expired and the militia were diſmiſſed.

KINGSTON, June 15.

The American brig Ontario, from St. Domingo bound to New-York, with mahogany, fuſtic and hides, detained by La Seine frigate arrived on Saturday.

On Sunday laſt, 8 leagues to the ſouthward of Cape Maize, the Lark, which carries 6 guns and 15 men, engaged and beat off a French privateer. The following particulars are extracted from her log-book.

"SUNDAY, June 9.

"At 5, A. M. diſcovered a ſmall ſail bearing from us N. W. with her larboard tacks on board, which proved to be an American trader. At 20 minutes paſt 6 ſaw another ſail to the S. W. wearing every appearance of an enemy, by her crowding ſail, and bearing right down on us; at 8 ſhe hauled her wind, as I ſuppoſed in order to reconnoitre us and clear for action; at 12 minutes paſt 8 ſhe bore up and ſtood for our weather quarter; at 9 ſhe fired a gun and hoiſted French colors at her main peak, ſhe then being about two miles diſtant from us; from that period till half paſt nine ſhe kept edging down upon us under a preſs of ſail; at twenty minutes paſt 9 I hauled my courſes up and prepared for battle, the enemy keeping up a conſtant fire during the latter period. Finding ſhe intended to keep my quarter I ordered the main-top-ſail to the maſt, and, before ſhe was aware of this manœuvre, I got her completely under the bearing of my guns, at which period the action commenced with a ſpirited and well directed fire on both ſides; and continued with great warmth for an hour and twenty minutes, when the wind falling light, and the enemy getting cloſer to us, our langridge and grape began to tell upon her to ſome purpoſe; ſhe immediately hauled cloſe upon a wind, and got out ſeventeen ſweeps of a ſide to pull clear of us, which ſhe effected under a galling fire from our guns. She proved to be a ſchooner of amazing length with black ſides, and a dirty looking yellow ſtreak in the middle of the black, a lead colored bottom, and carrying two very blackiſh looking gaff top-ſails. She mounted ſeveral guns of different calibres, but, in particular, two eighteen punders, which threw ſhot at leaſt half a mile to leeward of us. It was impoſſible to count her men, they ſtood ſo thick and crowded on her decks; ſhe had, at the loweſt calculation, not leſs than one hundred men."

The privateer about an hour afterwards, took poſſeſſion of an American ſchooner ſuppoſed to be bound to this iſland.

June 22.

We are informed that earl Camden ſtates in a letter to general Nugent, by the packet, that ſickneſs had broken out among the French troops ſoon after their firſt ſailing from Toulon, the mortality having been occaſioned by the ſhips being too much crowded, and that on ſailing a ſecond time they only took on board 4800 men, inſtead of double the number; and earl Camden ſuppoſed Spaniſh veſſels muſt have no doubt the ſame proportion of troops. Their loſs by ſickneſs we leave our readers to eſtimate.

The expedition for the Weſt Indies, under ſir Erye Coote, which may be

ſhortly expected, conſiſts [illegible]
[illegible]th, 32d, 38th, 62d, 71ſt,
89th, and 93d, regiments.
rals under ſir Erye are ma
Drummond, and brigadie
Montreſor, M'Farlane, an
General Coote we underſta
ſtructions to act where it ma
neceſſary.

Montego Bay,

In conſequence of the fol
neral order, the militia of
were diſmiſſed laſt Sunday
6 o'clock.

H. Q. Spaniſh Town, June

Martial law will expire o
the 22d inſtant at twelve
M.

His excellency the com
chief cannot omit this oppo
returning his beſt thanks to
officers who have been in co
the militia, for the able aſſi
have rendered him: and the
municate to the officers, no
ſioned officers and privates,
lency's ſatisfaction at the al
which they turned out for t
of the country, and his appr
their examplary conduct wh
arms.

The zeal and attention
the commiſſioned officers a
the ſeveral pariſhes have pr
public ſervice, have been
ceptable to the commander
his excellency requeſts tha
well as the officers of the g
of the militia, to whom he is
debted for their aſſiſtance
period of martial law, will
his beſt thanks.

Signed,

J. SH
Adjutant

The following is the ch
was preferred by captain W
admiral Duckworth, and
was moſt honorably acquit

"That he had been opp
moved from the command
jeſty's ſhip Acaſta, by vice
T. Duckworth, K. B. then
der in chief of his majeſty
veſſels at Jamaica; and th
vice admiral had, in the mo
and ſcandalous manner, loa
ed on board, and ſuffered t
ed on board his majeſty's
an immenſe quantity of
merchandize, other than fo
the ſhip, in defiance and
the true intent and meaning
article of war; and requeſt
proceedings were contrary
injurious to his majeſty's
preſſive to individuals, an
the character of an officer,
vice admiral may be tried
martial, for the offences
forth."

BALTIMORE, July
The ſchooner Ann Eliza, hen
nah, has put into Norfolk, in
ſpringing her maſts, when 3 days
Arrived, ſchooner Mary Ann,
from Havannah. Left there 14t
Paragon, Graves, of Baltimore,
days; ſchooner Greyhound, Holm
day; Racer, Betton, of do. in 1
Dawſon, of do. in 10 days; ſhip
vidence, for Baltimore in 8 days;
a number of others belonging to
The American conſul informed c
he had 137 regiſters in his office.

July 28.

Arrived, brig Eliza Ann, Tho
from St. Pierres, Mart. On th
boarded by an Engliſh privateer
el; informed them they were loo
of the ſame name commanded by
Left at Martinique, ſchooner F
for Baltimore in 6 days; Sally,
Enterprize, Leoghegan, ditto; br
Mary, Robbins, of New-York;
rie, Philadelphia; Amazon, Pit
ryport; Julia, Dunbury, Philad
mora, Hudſon, for Newport in
Hope, Huntington, Norwich; Ce
Alexandria; ſhip Juno, Eldridg
in 4 days; ſchooner Federaliſt,
ceſter; Hannah Goritta, Jenkins,
Sukey, Anderſon, Wilmington,
Va. Skinner, Portſmouth, N. H;

shortly expected, consists of the 8th, 27th, 32d, 38th, 62d, 71st, 72d, 83d, 89th, and 93d, regiments. The generals under sir Erye are major general Drummond, and brigadier generals Montresor, M'Farlane, and Belfour. General Coote we understand has instructions to act where it may be found necessary.

Montego Bay, June 24.

In consequence of the following general order, the militia of this parish were dismissed last Sunday morning at 6 o'clock.

H. Q. Spanish Town, June 21, 1805.

Martial law will expire on Saturday the 22d instant at twelve o'clock P. M.

His excellency the commander in chief cannot omit this opportunity of returning his best thanks to the general officers who have been in command of the militia, for the able assistance they have rendered him: and they will communicate to the officers, non commissioned officers and privates, his excellency's satisfaction at the alacrity with which they turned out for the defence of the country, and his approbation of their examplary conduct while under arms.

The zeal and attention with which the commissioned officers appointed in the several parishes have promoted the public service, have been highly acceptable to the commander in chief, as his excellency requests that they, as well as the officers of the general staff of the militia, to whom he is so much indebted for their assistance during the period of martial law, will also accept his best thanks.

Signed,

J. SHAND,
Adjutant general.

June 29.

The following is the charge which was preferred by captain Wood against admiral *Duckworth*, and of which he was *most honorably* acquitted.

"That he had been oppressively removed from the command of his majesty's ship Acasta, by vice admiral J. T. Duckworth, K. B. then commander in chief of his majesty's ships and vessels at Jamaica; and that the same vice admiral had, in the most shameful and scandalous manner, loaded, received on board, and suffered to be received on board his majesty's ship Acasta an immense quantity of goods and merchandize, other than for the use of the ship, in defiance and contrary to the true intent and meaning of the 18th article of war; and requesting as such proceedings were contrary and highly injurious to his majesty's service, oppressive to individuals, and unworthy the character of an officer, that the said vice admiral may be tried by a court martial, for the offences therein set forth."

BALTIMORE, July 27.

The schooner Ann Eliza, hence, to Havannah, has put into Norfolk, in consequence of springing her masts, when 3 days out.

Arrived, schooner Mary Ann, Ruffel, 13 days from Havannah. Left there 14th instant, brig Parsgon, Graves, of Baltimore, to sail in 10 days; schooner Greyhound, Holmes, to sail next day; Racer, Betton, of do. in 10 days; Hope, Dawson, of do. in 10 days; ship Tyre, of Providence, for Baltimore in 8 days; together with a number of others belonging to different ports. The American consul informed captain R. that he had 137 registers in his office.

July 28.

Arrived, brig Eliza Ann, Thompson, 18 days from St. Pierres, Mart. On the passage was boarded by an English privateer and well treated; informed them they were looking for a brig of the same name commanded by a captain Hunt. Left at Martinique, schooner Eliza, Arnolds, for Baltimore in 6 days; Sally, Coffin, for do. Waterprize, Leoghegan, ditto; brig Martha and Mary, Robbins, of New-York; Peggy, Morris, Philadelphia; Amazon, Pittman, Newburyport: Julia, Dunbury, Philadelphia, Angemora, Hudson, for Newport in 8 days; Antelope, Huntington, Norwich; Celia, M'Kenzie, Alexandria; ship Juno, Eldridge, New-York, in 4 days; schooner Federalist, Luskin, Gloucester; Hannah Goritta, Jenkins, Philadelphia; Sukey, Anderson, Wilmington, (Del.) Cornelius, Plymouth; Jolly Bacchus, Sherman, Philadelphia; Ann Pennock, Maddock, do; Eliza, Atkinson, Newbern; Alert, Butler, Boston, 7 days; brig John, Thatcher, Newport, 9 days; Ceres, King, Philadelphia; Ceres, Gallagher, Washington, North-Carolina; Urania, Barrow, Norwich; Hannah, Hulbart, Middleton; Theresa, Pond, Milford; Confidence, Kipps, Kennebunk; Mercury, Smith, New-Haven; ship Clarissa, Milford, New-York; the sch'r Revenge, Easton, left St. Pierre's, for Barbadoes, 6th July; Stranger, Waddington, left do. for Antigua, 8th July; the Sarah, Parot, left do. for do. the same day.

The brig below is from Salem.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, JULY 30.

A letter from Malta, of April 19, says preparations for the Tripoline expedition were then making with great activity. A vessel had been dispatched with military stores for the claimant of the bashawship, who was to be enabled to attempt to regain his rights, and was to attack Tripoli by land, while the American squadron bombarded from the sea. The united effort against the usurper, the present bashaw, was probably made in June.

Bowles Taken.—A letter from Benjamin Hawkins, dated at *Och apo fau*, on Coossau river, the 30th of May, says, "The chiefs of the creek nation convened on the 20th at this place, and were joined by a deputation from the Cherokees, Chickasaws and Choctaws; on the 24th the Seminoles and other chiefs in opposition, with their leader, W. A. Bowles, at their head, arrived, and on the 28th he was apprehended, confined in irons, and sent under a strong guard of Indians, by order of the chiefs, to governor Folch, of Pensacola, to answer for his crimes against the subjects of his Catholic majesty in East and West Florida."

[*N. Y. Gaz.*]

The Office of Discount and Deposit, or Branch Bank of the United States, in this city, was, on Saturday evening last, broke open and entered burglariously, in the most daring manner, at an early hour, and before the watchmen, for its safety, had taken their usual stand.

(*Baltimore American.*)

The recent accounts by Americans who have been at St. Domingo concerning the government of the blacks, does not present so flattering a picture as might be conceived from a consideration of the principles of their recent constitution. We have obtained a copy of their military code. This code and constitution lately published are said to be the prediction of general Mentor, formerly a deputy to the national convention, aided by Boisrond Tonnere and Chanlatte, all blacks, who are the draughtsmen of the emperor Dessalines' proclamations. The biography of the black chiefs, if we can rely upon report, is a curious evidence of the instability of human affairs, and an important lesson to the vanity of man. "The first emperor of Hayti," is represented as being originally a sweeper of the government house at the Cape, general Christophe is said to have been butler to general Rochambeau the elder, during the American revolution; Vernet the minister of the finances was an handicraft man, some say a taylor; and it is stated that none of these chiefs can read or write; and the emperor himself is stated as very recently engaged in going over his ab, eb, ob, &c. under the tuition of his secretary Clerveaux. Generals Petion and Giffrard are said to have been silver-smiths; they are both mulattoes, and command the southern division; doubts are entertained of their fidelity to the imperial regime; and the same hatred which subsisted when Toussaint and ****** were prominent characters, has not subsided between the blacks and mulattoes. The blacks are the most numerous, but the mulattoes are the most intelligent and best instructed, and compared with the blacks are more exemplary moralists, a quality described to be very rare in the empire. Contrary to what would seem to be dictated by every obligation of prudence and policy, the practical cultivators are said to be treated with inhumanity; and among that class we are told from very respectable authority, a very general and sincere wish prevails for the return of their ancient masters, or any masters rather than the present. The government of the blacks is not as full of confidence in its security or duration, as their constitution and rescripts would seem to indicate. Their military code is rigid and severe; and even flushed as they have been by the expulsion of Rochambeau, and the possession of all the ancient French ports and territory, they proved their want of discipline and courage before the walls of the city of St. Domingo, where their number were ten times greater than that of the force by which they were attacked. Above 2000 Spaniards taken by the blacks from time to time in the neighborhood of St. Domingo city, have been sent prisoners to the interior, and have been employed on the plains of Artibonite and on the fort of Camp Marchand whither the emperor contemplates to retire in the last resort of an attack of a French army or domestic insurgents. Under this condition of the island, the certainty of any state of things cannot be long calculated upon. The absence of the French armies, or the confinement of Ferrand's force to the city of St. Domingo, has contributed to revive cultivation for the time; and the crops of sugar promise to be very considerable—that of coffee unusually plentiful. Nevertheless the black government owes to the Americans who have had credulity to trust them, more than three millions of coffee, and have not good faith to pay.

[*Aurora.*]

Letters from London mention, that Mrs. Eliza Bonaparte, wife of Jerome, receives every mark of attention and hospitality from the British nobility & people. She is attended by her brother, and Dr. Gavner, an eminent French physician—the same who accompanied her in her visit to this town last summer. We have no correct accounts of the fate of her husband, since he left Lisbon. It is not impossible, as a French officer, he will be tried for disobedience of orders in not returning to Europe, in the frigate sent out for him, and imprisoned. We have heard it said that before Mr. Livingston left Paris, one of the French ministry informed him that the Emperor had thoughts, as Jerome had connected himself with the daughter of an American merchant, of settling him in the United States, and requested Mr. L. to name what would be a proper establishment for him. Mr. Livingston accordingly named, we understand, fifty thousand dollars for a town, and twenty thousand dollas for a country house, per annum. This the emperor did not think too large; and Mr. Livingston was asked to mention the funds in which it would be most advantageous to invest the money——The *Louisiana stock* was accordingly named. Soon after however Mr. L. was informed that Jerome having disobeyed the emperor's commands, and otherwise treated him with disrepect, he had determined to do nothing more for him—and thus the negociation ended.

(*Boston Pap.*)

Selected from "Anecdotes gathered from conversations in the American States, by

J. DAVIS."

"When Mr. Jefferson travels from Washington to Monticello, he commonly baits at Centerville, and prefers a waggoners tavern, kept my a democrat, to the commodious inn of a federalist. The democratical landlord being once confined to his bed when the president stopped at his tavern the wife thus eloquently bewailed the event: "I am sir, (curtseying) extremely sorry my husband can't receive you, for he's a mighty Jefferson-man."

[European Magazine, Aug. 1804.

English prisoners in France. A very extraordinary and embarrassing dilemma has occurred to several respectable persons and families detained by the French government, as prisoners of war, at Verdun. Shortly after these unfortunate travellers were shut up in that town, they applied to the government for permission to erect or hire an edifice, for the use of a Protestant chapel, where they regularly attended divine service, and where various marriages have been celebrated, from some of which children have been born.—In consequence of these events, the state of much property in possession is affected in Great-Britain, and the persons in remainder contest the validity of these marriages upon the ground of their not having been performed according either to the law of England (the chapel not being consecrated, nor the clergymen ordained, or for some other legal defect) or to the laws of France. It is said to be the opinion of the highest civilians of the kingdom, that the pleas of those relatives and other devisees in reversion will prevail.

[*London paper.*]

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The strong, well built and fast sailing *Schooner*

CITIZEN,

800 barrels burthen, well found, and ready to take a cargo. For terms apply to Mr. Joseph Dean, or Allen and Francis Dodge, George-town.

July 30. d6t

FOR SALE,

100 barrels prime Beef,
60 do. Pork,
5 hhds. and bbls. continental Rum,
4 hhds. Molasses,
2 butts real Holland Gin,
12 casks black eyed Peas,
300 sacks Liverpool fine Salt,
20 boxes Raisins,
1 half pipe and 2 qr. casks London Particular Madeira,
6000 lbs. Coffee,
8 cases felt Hats assorted, suitable to the St. Domingo Market,
50 barrels prime Herrings.

WILLIAM HODGSON,

July 30. d

LOST,

On the road between Washington and Alexandria,

A bundle of papers, containing 3 small bundles, No. 1, 2, and 3—The contents are receipts for flour stered with Mr. *Ambrose Vasse*, on account of WILLIAM COOK and BARNABAS DAVIS. As they can be of no use to any person but the owner, (they being settled) it is requested the finder will be so good to return them to Mr. AMBROSE VASSE.

The public are cautioned against being imposed on by any designing person who may attempt to pass them off.

July 30. d3t

Pursuant to a Decree

Of the Honorable the United States Circuit Court of the District of Columbia for the county of Alexandria, between Peter Cahall and Catharine his wife, complainants, and Robert and Walter Alexander, defendants,

WILL BE SOLD,

at the house of Mr. Thrift, on the lands of Robert Alexander, near Alexandria, known by the name of Abingdon,

So much of the LANDS

OF the said Robert Alexander, which was willed to him by his father, Robert Alexander, deceased, as will satisfy and pay one moiety of the sum of three hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty three cents, with legal interest thereon from the first day of December, 1794, till paid; and one moiety of the costs of suit. The sale to take place on the *16th day of August, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day.*

PETER WISE, sen.
JOHN C. VOWELL,
SIMON SOMERS,
} *Com'rs.*

July 30 2aw

NOTICE.

The subscriber intending shortly to remove to Kentucky, requests all persons having claims against him to bring them forward, properly authenticated, for payment; and all those indebted to him are requested to pay their respective accounts previous to the first day of August next, to him or Mr. *James Millan*, in Alexandria. Those failing to comply as above, need not expect any further indulgence.

William Millan,
Fairfax County, (Virginia)

June 10. 2aw3w.1aw1stAug.

ttention—to the following Facts:

A greater saving at the UNION CHEAP BREAD MANUFACTORY, it being the cheapest in America—opposite the market, in Royal-street—by WILLIAM LOVELL, who has been the largest and cheapest bread manufacturer in the world, and was regularly bred to the trade, and baked for many years in the city of London eight hundred barrels of flour per week, in loaf bread, and was baker to his majesty king George and the prince of Wales.

HE begs leave to return his sincere thanks to the ladies and gentlemen of this town, and the public in general, for the great encouragement he has received, and assures them that nothing on his part shall be wanting to ensure their future favors; at the same time will trouble the reader with a few remarks on baking of bread, as follows:—Bread baked on tin is like a sponge, and seldom turned from dough, and is injurious to young children. This kind of bread is seldom in the oven more than thirty minutes; and the bread baked on the hearth will not bake in less than ninety minutes—and will keep, if taken proper care of, five days longer than any bread baked as before stated—and that two ten cent loaves of sound baked bread will go further than three ninepenny loaves baked on tins. As such, will leave the public to judge of the baking, and which is the most wholesome.

The purpose it can answer is the baker only, who can weigh it less, and from the shortness of time in the oven, and being kept from the severe heat, and being on false bottom. The fact is, that the inhabitants of this town have been obliged to bake in their own defence, or be obliged to eat this kind of bread, which could never have been introduced only to save labor as above stated and spoil good flour. The bread baked in the last twelve weeks by the subscriber, has been a saving to the public of nine hundred and twenty-one dollars ninety cents, and he can say with truth double that sum in the consuming of the bread, and without injuring the health of the people of the town:—And he further begs leave to inform them, that he has introduced another kind of wholesome Bread, made of one half rye, and one half wheat flour—the ten cent loaf to weigh twelve ounces more than the wheaten loaf of the same price—As follows is a table of the weight of his bread from the present assize and price of flour:

The 20 cent loaf will weigh 4lbs. 2 ounces. The 10 cent loaf 2lb. 1 ounce. The 5 cent loaf 1lb. and half an ounce—and the 3 penny loaf 13 ounces.

The public are advised, as a material saving in bread, not to eat it until the day after baked, as it is much wholesomer and a saving of 20 per cent; if kept in an earthen pot it will keep six days.

It has been the practice of this place for bread sellers to start up like mushroons, bake a month or two, and leave off for want of knowledge and materials—a greater part of them not being brought up to the business and depend only on Journeymen.

It is hoped this practice will not be supported, as no man of merit will stay in any town unless properly encouraged---as baking is a mystery which none can know but by real practice.

Mr. L. is happy to find that many families are convinced that his Bread is cheaper than they can bake for themselves. This statement is cash, except where stated credits are agreed on, and then must be regularly paid, or the bread stopped; which will be painful to the subscriber—having no other mode of establishing punctual payments, as his profits are small.

N. B. A lad from 14 to 17 years old, wanted for any time, according to his age; who will be taught the art and mystery of baking in all its branches.

☞ *Bread baked on* SUNDAY MORNINGS, *during the hot weather.*

July 27.

Musical Instrument & Cabinet
MANUFACTORY,
In Prince, near Water street, ALEXANDRIA,
BY JOHN SELLERS;

WHO begs leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen of Alexandria and the adjacent towns and country, that he builds and repairs church, chamber, and barrel Organs; also makes and repairs Harpsichords, Piano Fortes, organized and plain, and has on hand, for sale Violins, Flutes, Fifes, Reeds, Strings, &c. an assortment of Music, consisting of Songs, Sanotes, Duets, instructions for the different instruments. He also offers his services for tuning the above instruments on reasonable terms. Any orders left at the above place will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

☞ A steady Cabinet Maker, being a good workman, will meet with encouragement by applying at the above place.

May 6. d3t..1aw

STOLEN,

ABOUT a fortnight ago, TWO SILVER DESERT SPOONS, London make, the letter H engraved on the handles. Whoever can give information by which the Spoons can be recovered, shall receive a reasonable reward, and the full value paid for the detection of the thief.

Apply to the Printer.

FOR SALE,

On a very liberal credit for approved paper,

THE SCHOONER
HENRIETTA,

A beautiful vessel, in complete order for sea, burthen 550 barrels. For terms apply to

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

July 13. eo2w

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE,
BY THE
SUBSCRIBER,

80 Hogsheards and
120 Barrels first quality Muscovado SUGAR.

JOHN TUCKER.

July 25. eo9t

PHILADELPHIA, JULY 1, 1805.

The subscriber wishes to LEASE,
FOR A TERM OF YEARS,
His two FARMS;

IN Fairfax county, near the Falls Church, about 10 miles from Alexandria, and about the same distance from George Town—Each farm contains between four and five hundred acres—The lessee may have possession in November next, and can be furnished on the premises with what quantity of Indian corn he may deem necessary, at the market price.

BENJAMIN DULANY.

July 18. eo7t.

Polygraphick Painting.

THIS art, so long kept a secret and exclusively practised by the Polygraphick Society in London, is now in the possession of a Citizen of the United States lately arrived from Europe; who proposes to execute by subscription, two hundred copies from an original Allegorical Painting in the Shakespeare Gallery, New-York, by permission of the Proprietor: being

A PORTRAIT OF
WASHINGTON,

Supported by LIBERTY, VIRTUE, and JUSTICE. VIRTUE is holding the emblem of the reward he merited. In the right of the piece, AMERICA, characterised as an Ab-original, is seated in a pensive posture, lamenting her loss. In the left is PAINTING turned to HISTORY, for a subject worthy of her art, who is supposed to answer,

"There is none more worthy than Washington."

The whole forming a more emblematical tribute to the memory of that great man, than has yet been offered to the public.

To those who esteem his public services and his private worth, and to the patrons of improvements in the fine arts, this work is dedicated. Such as are already furnished with different engravings on this subject, will, it is hoped, still find room for the present undertaking, when they consider, that it will be a PAINTING, and the design new, executed by a process, which renders it more durable than oil paintings—that it requires no glass—that while their prints contain, perhaps a faint resemblance only, this work affords a correct likeness, with the addition of six beautiful allegorical figures.—The price also is reduced so as to leave, comparative merits, no object.

Subscriptions, at Eight Dollars each, payable on delivery, (which is little more than the price of an engraving of the same size) are received by Conrad & Co. Bookseilers, Philadelphia; Robert Gray, Alexandria; Rapine, Conrad and Co. Capitol-hill City of Washington; and generally by Bookseliers throughout the Union; who will please to return their Subscription papers to Conrad and Co. Philadelphia, previous to the first of November next, when the work will be ready for delivery.

Frames will be procured, of any pattern, if required on the most moderate terms.

IT IS ALSO PROPOSED TO EXECUTE A
PORTRAITS
Of Mr. and Mrs. Washington,

On a smaller scale, 15 inches by 12; executed by the same process, and will be ready for delivery at the same time, on subscriptions of Four Dollars and Fifty Cents each, including a Gilt Frame. It is a principal aim of this work, to produce the most correct likenesses of this amiable couple,

One of the Paintings is now to be seen at Mr. Gadsby's Hotel, for a few days, who will receive subscriptions. As this copy is ordered to be sent to Richmond soon, another will be forwarded, if subscribers offer, to Robert Gray's, King street Alexandria, with whom subscribers may also enter their names.

☞ The Artist presumes that the secret art of Polygraphck Painting is known only to himself in the U. States; having travelled from the Carolinas to Massachusetts without finding a master of it. By this art, original paintings may be multiplied, so as to render it difficult to point out the difference. The Polygraphick picture, of the two, when compared together, is the most brilliant, and the nature of the process cannot fail rendering it more durable. In fine the whole is so exact and beautiful a copy, that the mind is lost in conjecture as to the method in which it is executed.

July 3.

Just Published,
And for Sale by Cottom & Stewart,
A Key to Mystery of Iniquity
OR AN
Address to Men of Candor and lovers of Truth.
BY JOHN WEST,
Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium ecclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving *modern episcopacy* to be spurious, and human legislation in the Church to be usurpation, &c. &c.

May 3

The highest price given for clean Linen Rags, by the Printer hereof.

PUBLIC SALE.

To be Sold, at Public Auction,
FOR READY MONEY,

On the 12th day of AUGUST next, between the hours of eleven and two of that day, at the door of the Coffee-House in the city of Alexandria—

Four Acres and seven-eights of an Acre of Ground, contiguous to the town of Alexandria, formerly conveyed to JAMES WILSON, merchant, lately deceased—or so much thereof as will be sufficient to answer the purpose of paying the charges of such sale, and also the sum of fourteen hundred and seventy six dollars and sixty-eight cents, the amount of two promissory notes, due to Nathaniel Pendleton, from the said Wilson, and also such interest as may be then due thereon; pursuant to a deed of trust to us the subscribers for that purpose, recorded in the office of the circuit court for the district of Columbia, in the county of Alexandria, 16th July, 1805.

CHARLES SIMMS,
GEORGE DENEALE,
EDMUND I. LEE.

July 19. 2awstd

FINLAY & COOK
INFORM THE PUBLIC

That they have just received from London, via Baltimore, a small but well chosen collection of ENGRAVINGS, from the best European artists, and which they presume are superior to any now offered for sale in Alexandria:

Amongst these works are—

A sublime representation of the last Supper, from a painting by West, historical painter to the king of England.

The Redeemer, by Miller.

Saint John, by the Rev. W. Peters, Rector,

A full length Portrait of Lewis the sixteenth, in his robes of state, by Collet, painter to the unfortunate king.

The Ale House Door and the Hay-Market, with a few more Fancy Pieces.

They have, likewise, procured from Philadelphia, a few Copies of the
POLYGRAPHIC PAINTING,
Lately introduced in America.

They consist of a beautiful allegorical design to the memory of WASHINGTON, and Portraits of Mr. and Mrs. WASHINGTON.

BURNISH and OIL GILDING executed in the best manner; and Frames for Paintings, Engravings, Needle Work, &c. &c.

King-street, Alexandria,
July 23. 2aw3w

LANDS FOR RENT.

I will rent, of my estate in Caroline county, 5000 acres, for a term of 7 years. A considerable part of this land lies immediately on the Mattapony river, and will produce five barrels of corn per acre; 'tis generally in good condition for farming; the low grounds some of which are in meadow, and are perhaps equal to any in the state.

I will likewise Rent, for the same term,

Two thousand acres in the county of Orange, adjoining the Court-house. This land is well known for producing fine tobacco.—For further particulars enquire of

JOHN BAYLOR,
New-Market, near the Bowling Green

July 9. 2aw6w

FOR SALE,

250 Acres of Land, in the district of *Columbia*, about 5 miles from Alexandria and 2 from George Town: A large proportion is woodland of a good quality, abounding with good springs and handsome situations. I would lay off this land to accommodate those who may wish to buy from two acre lots to twenty, or sell it altogether. A small part of the purchase money will be required; and for the balance a liberal credit will be given. Any person wishing to buy, may be shewn the land by *William Sheelum*, who resides upon it; and leave their name with Mr. John Gadsby, of Alexandria.

Sundry Lots may be had on ground rent, upon Duke street, adjoining to Mr. Jacob Shucks's.

G. CHAPMAN.

June 13. 1awtf

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of Administration on the personal estate of *William Ramsay Wilson*, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 26th day of December next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 26th day of June, 1805.

William Ramsay, *Adm'r.*

N. B. All persons indebted to the above estate are requested to make immediate payment to the administrator.

2aw2m

For NEW YORK,

THE SCHOONER
ALMIRA,
NYE EDWARDS,
MASTER:

Burthen one hundred and fifty tons, having two thirds of her cargo engaged, and will sail in three days, for freight of the remainder,

Apply to

Bane & Cartwright,
Or captain on board.

July 29 d3t

HEALTH-OFFICE.

WHEREAS information has been given to the BOARD OF HEALTH, that malicious reports prevail in various quarters, of the existence of a malignant fever in the town of Alexandria; it has by them been deemed proper to counteract the prevalence of such unfounded rumors by a solemn declaration, that they are utterly false and groundless. In corroboration of which declaration, they hereto annex the certificate of the practising Physicians of the town; from which it will appear, that our citizens are blest'd with an unusual portion of health at this time.

By order of the Board,
CUTHBERT POWELL, Chairman.
JOHN MUNCASTER, Sec'ry.

July 29. d3t

We the subscribers, practising Physicians, in the town of Alexandria, do hereby certify, that there has been, within our knowledge no case of yellow or other malignant fever in the town of Alexandria in the present season; and that the general health of the town far exceeds what is usual at this season of the year.

Given under our hands 24th July, 1805.

HENRY ROSE,
Health officer of the port
JAS. CRAIK,
ELISHA C. DICK,
JAMES GILLIES,
JOHN RICHARDS,
B. H. HALL,
THOS. SEMMES,
W. A. DANGE FIELD.

July 29. d3t

Recommendation.

THOSE persons who have cellars or other places damp and foul, are earnestly solicited to have them immediately whitewashed and frequently ventilated by opening the doors or windows thereof; and this is recommended from a thorough conviction that such operations are healthful to those persons who are exposed to the air of those apartments at this and the approaching season of the year: This measure was adopted here last summer by a great many persons, and I was informed much to their comfort and satisfaction—and those house-keepers whose funds are too limited for expensive operations, may do what is here recommended, for the trifling sum of 25 cents and a little labor with a broom, as one peck of unslacked, well burned lime, will make white wash sufficient for a small cellar.

A practice is too prevalent on Fridays and Saturdays every week, in several people, by bringing out and throwing in the street litter, dirt, dust, &c. immediately after the scavengers have pass'd their dwellings: It is hoped that good sense and reflection, will preclude the necessity of noticing this habit in a way which may result in expence to those who continue to pursue it.

I have of late observed, that too little attention is given by several persons to the gutters in the streets, which at this season ought to be kept constantly clean. I hope this hint will convince the negligent, that unless the law be better complied with than heretofore, duty will impose upon me the disagreeable task of endeavoring to enforce, by penalties, a compliance therewith.

It is with regret that I have to notice another practice attended with considerable inconvenience to those, living near persons who (as if it was a duty imposed upon them by law) with great assiduity breed musquitoes in barrels, tubs and casks, containing water, &c. in and about their back yards. Of those citizens I with great humility solicit a suspension of this operation for at least sixty days from this date; and beg leave to say, that a compliance with this request will much oblige their

Most obedient,
Humble Servant,
JOHN MANDEVILLE.

29th July. d3t

☞ *A Servant wanted.*

CASH will be given for a Servant who can be recommended for sobriety and fulness, and who has been accustomed to the management of horses. None else need apply to the Printer.

June 27. eo1m

An OVERSEER WANTED,

FOR A LARGE FARM, on Bull Run Prince William county. None need apply without strong recommendations for ability, honesty and sobriety.

T. BLAKBURN.

Ripon Lodge, July 27. 2aw3w

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S. SNOWDEN.